Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 1999

Washington

			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es		Inju	ries	
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases
Industry <sup>2</sup>	code <sup>3</sup>	3 employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government <sup>7</sup>		2,575.2	8.9	3.7	2.8	5.2	8.2	3.4	2.6	4.8
Private Industry <sup>7</sup>		2,192.4	9.0	3.8	2.8	5.3	8.3	3.5	2.6	4.8
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>7</sup>		89.7	11.3	4.1	3.5	7.2	10.6	4.0	3.5	6.6
Agricultural production <sup>7</sup> Agricultural production-crops <sup>7</sup> Agricultural production - livestock <sup>7</sup> Agricultural services	01-02 01 02 07	59.8 54.1 5.7 24.9	10.1 9.4 17.9 13.3	4.1 3.7 8.0 4.0		6.0 5.6 9.9 9.2	9.0 17.6	4.0 3.6 8.0 3.8	3.6 3.3 7.7 3.1	5.7 5.4 9.5 7.9
Mining <sup>8</sup>		3.2	5.7	3.4	2.5	2.3	5.3	3.2	2.3	2.1
Construction		143.4	15.0	6.7	5.7	8.3	14.5	6.6	5.6	7.9
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	15 16 17	39.1 19.0 85.4	15.8 12.9 15.2	5.9 5.9 7.3	4.9	10.0 7.0 7.9	12.5		4.6 4.8 6.2	9.5 6.9 7.5
Manufacturing		358.9	12.1	6.1	3.7	6.1	10.1	5.2	3.3	4.9
Durable goods		252.4	12.6	6.4	3.8	6.2	10.3	5.4	3.4	4.9
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	33.1 4.6 8.6 11.6 14.2 24.4 18.2 114.6 8.5		8.6 8.4 6.3 7.8 9.7 4.1 2.5 6.9 2.3 4.5	6.6 4.8 3.9 7.1 2.5 1.6 3.4 2.1	9.0 9.3 5.5 10.4 6.7	17.0 15.3 12.6 18.9 10.2 4.0 8.1 3.6	8.2 6.1 7.5 9.2 3.8	6.1 6.4 4.6 3.8 6.7 2.3 1.4 2.7 1.9 2.0	9.6 8.8 9.1 5.1 9.7 6.4 1.9 3.0 1.6 5.1
Nondurable goods		106.5	10.9	5.2	3.4	5.8	9.7	4.7	3.1	5.0
Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	23 26 27 28 30	15.8 23.5	5.2	5.3	2.9 2.6 1.4	2.7 3.5	8.2 5.3 4.4	5.0 3.0 1.6	2.4 1.4	3.2 2.3 2.8
Transportation and public utilities8		132.8	9.6	4.7	4.0	4.9	9.0	4.5	3.9	4.5
Railroad transportation <sup>8</sup> Trucking and warehousing Water transportation Transportation by air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 42 44 45 48 49		4.1 14.8 17.1 12.4 3.6 7.1	8.8 7.8	5.5 8.4 6.4 1.2	8.3 4.6 2.1	14.5 14.3 11.8 3.0	8.5 7.5	8.2 6.0 1.1	0.9 8.5  4.3 1.7 3.3

Table 1. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 1999 -- Continued

Washington

			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es		Inju	ries	
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases
Industry <sup>2</sup>	code <sup>3</sup>	employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days
Wholesale and retail trade		621.7	8.9	3.3	2.4	5.6	8.6	3.1	2.3	5.4
Wholesale trade		149.2	9.2	4.5	3.2	4.7	8.8	4.3	3.1	4.5
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	84.8	8.4	4.5	2.7	3.9	8.2	4.5	2.6	3.8
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	64.4	10.3	4.5	3.9	5.8	9.7	4.2	3.7	5.5
Retail trade		472.5	8.8	2.7	2.1	6.0	8.4	2.6	2.0	5.8
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	49.3 69.5 48.0 25.4 21.5 176.0	9.0 10.3 10.3 8.0 3.8 7.3 10.2 5.1	3.0 2.8 1.3	2.3	5.3 2.5 4.7 7.7	9.6 8.0 3.6 7.3 10.0	4.4 2.7 2.7 1.2 2.6 2.4	3.0 1.7 2.1 1.2 2.2 2.3	7.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate		134.0	2.3	0.8	0.8	1.5	2.1	0.7	0.7	1.3
Real estate	65	33.6	5.9	1.9	1.8	4.0	5.8	1.9	1.7	3.9
Services		708.6	6.7	2.3	1.8	4.4	6.2	2.2	1.7	4.1
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	70 72 73 75 76 79 80 82 83 86	22.5 165.3 25.9 7.6 40.8 184.1 22.7 59.0 24.5	11.7 7.0 1.5 11.7 11.5 11.1 10.7 2.8 7.2 5.9 2.1	0.4 4.9 3.7 3.2 3.5 1.0 3.0	0.4 4.1 2.7 3.1 2.5 1.0 2.5 1.3	1.1 6.8 7.8 7.9 7.2 1.8 4.3 4.0	1.3 11.5 11.4 10.4 9.8 2.7 7.0 5.6	3.1 0.4 4.9 3.7 3.0 3.2 1.0 2.9 1.9	2.1 0.3 4.1 2.7 2.9 2.2 0.9 2.5 1.3	6.6 1.7 4.1
State and local government		382.7	8.2	3.3	2.9	4.9	7.7	3.2	2.8	4.5
State government		116.9	6.6	2.7	2.6	4.0	6.0	2.6	2.5	3.4
Services		70.4	6.7	3.1	3.0	3.7	6.1	3.0	2.9	3.1
Educational services	82	53.6	4.5	1.2	1.2	3.3	4.2	1.2	1.1	3.0
Public administration		43.2	6.3	1.8	1.6	4.5	5.6	1.7	1.6	3.9
Local government		265.8	9.1	3.7	3.2	5.4	8.6	3.5	3.0	5.0

Table 1. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 1999 -- Continued

			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries				
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases	
Industry <sup>2</sup>	code <sup>3</sup>	employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	
Services		161.8	7.4	2.7	2.4	4.7	7.0	2.5	2.3	4.4	
Educational services	82	143.1	6.1	2.3	2.1	3.8	5.8	2.2	2.0	3.7	
Public administration		77.8	9.8	4.0	3.5	5.8	9.0	3.7	3.3	5.3	

 $<sup>^1\,</sup>$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

work with or without restricted work activity.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Incidence rate less than 0.05.

Table 2. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 1999

(In thousands)		Wash	ington								
,			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es		Inju	juries		
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases	
Industry <sup>1</sup>	code <sup>2</sup>	employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	
All Industries including State and local government <sup>6</sup>		2,575.2	178.0	73.9	55.7	104.0	163.7	68.6	52.4	95.0	
Private Industry <sup>6</sup>		2,192.4	154.1	64.2	47.1	89.9	141.4	59.4	44.2	82.1	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>6</sup>		89.7	6.6	2.4	2.1	4.2	6.2	2.3	2.0	3.8	
Agricultural production <sup>6</sup> Agricultural production-crops <sup>6</sup> Agricultural production - livestock <sup>6</sup> Agricultural services	01-02 01 02 07	54.1	3.0 0.5	1.2 0.2	1.3 1.1 0.2 0.6	1.8 0.3	3.4 2.9 0.5 2.3	1.2 0.2	1.0 0.2	1.7 0.3	
Mining <sup>7</sup>		3.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Construction		143.4	17.5	7.8	6.6	9.6	16.9	7.7	6.5	9.2	
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	15 16 17	19.0	4.6 2.3 10.6	1.0	1.4 0.9 4.4	1.2	4.4 2.2 10.2	1.0	0.8	1.2	
Manufacturing		358.9	42.2	21.1	12.7	21.1	35.3	18.2	11.5	17.1	
Durable goods		252.4	31.5	16.1	9.4	15.4	25.8	13.6	8.4	12.2	
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	4.6 8.6 11.6 14.2 24.4 18.2 114.6	1.3 1.7 2.8 2.6 0.8 14.0 0.6	1.0 1.4 1.0 0.4 8.0 0.3	2.1 0.3 0.4 0.5 1.0 0.6 0.3 3.9 0.3	0.8 0.7 1.5 1.6 0.4 6.1 0.3	0.7 1.3 1.6 2.6 2.4 0.7 9.3 0.5	0.4 0.5 0.9 1.3 0.9 0.4 5.9	0.3 0.4 0.5 0.9 0.6 0.3 3.1	0.4 0.8 0.6 1.4 1.5 0.3 3.4	
Nondurable goods		106.5	10.7	5.1	3.3	5.7	9.5	4.6	3.1	4.9	
Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	23 26 27 28 30	15.8 23.5 6.0	1.2 0.3	0.9 0.7 0.1	0.1 0.5 0.5 0.1 0.4	0.6 0.6 0.2	1.3 1.1 0.3	0.8 0.6 0.1	0.4 0.5 0.1	0.5 0.5 0.2	
Transportation and public utilities <sup>7</sup>		132.8	11.4	5.6	4.8	5.9	10.8	5.4	4.6	5.4	
Railroad transportation <sup>7</sup> Trucking and warehousing Water transportation Transportation by air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 42 44 45 48 49	31.7 8.9 26.4 31.5	2.4	1.5 0.4	0.4	0.7 0.9 0.6	0.9	1.7 0.7 1.4 0.4	1.5 0.7 1.2 0.3	0.8 0.5	

Table 2. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 1999 -- Continued

(	ln	thousand	ls)
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(iii tiiousaiius)			Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
		4000	Ir	njuries an	a Ilinesse	es				
_	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases
Industry <sup>1</sup>	code <sup>2</sup>	employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Wholesale and retail trade		621.7	41.9	15.3	11.5	26.5	40.3	14.7	10.9	25.7
Wholesale trade		149.2	12.6	6.2	4.4	6.4	12.1	5.9	4.2	6.1
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	84.8	6.8	3.6	2.1	3.2	6.6	3.6	2.1	3.0
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	64.4	5.8	2.5	2.2	3.3	5.5	2.4	2.1	3.1
Retail trade		472.5	29.3	9.2	7.1	20.1	28.3	8.7	6.8	19.5
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores	52 53 54 55 56	69.5 48.0	1.8 3.9 5.1 3.5 0.7	0.7 1.8 1.5 1.2 0.2	0.5 1.2 1.0 0.9 0.2	2.1 3.6	1.8 3.7 4.7 3.4 0.7	1.7 1.3	0.9 0.9	2.0 3.4 2.3
Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	57 58 59		11.0	0.5 2.7 0.6	0.4 2.5 0.4	0.8 8.3 1.5	1.3 10.7 2.0	2.6	0.4 2.4	0.8 8.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		134.0	2.6	0.9	0.9	1.7	2.4	0.8	0.8	1.5
Real estate	65	33.6	1.5	0.5	0.4	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.4	1.0
Services		708.6	31.7	10.9	8.5	20.8	29.5	10.2	7.8	19.3
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	70 72 73 75 76 79 80 82 83 86	22.5 165.3 25.9 7.6 40.8 184.1 22.7 59.0 24.5	0.9	0.3		1.5 0.5 1.9 10.0 0.2 1.9 0.6	0.9	0.5 0.3 1.1 0.2 0.7 4.4 0.1 1.3 0.3	0.3 0.3 0.9 0.2 0.7 3.0 0.1 1.1	0.5 0.9 1.4 0.5 1.8 9.1 0.2 1.8 0.6
State and local government		382.7	23.9	9.7	8.6	14.2	22.2	9.3	8.2	13.0
State government		116.9	6.8	2.7	2.6	4.1	6.1	2.6	2.5	3.5
Services		70.4	4.0	1.8	1.8	2.2	3.6	1.8	1.7	1.9
Educational services	82	53.6	1.9	0.5	0.5	1.4	1.8	0.5	0.5	1.3
Public administration		43.2	2.5	0.7	0.7	1.8	2.2	0.7	0.6	1.5
Local government		265.8	17.1	7.0	5.9	10.1	16.1	6.6	5.6	9.5

Table 2. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 1999 -- Continued

(In thousands)

(											
			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries				
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases	
Industry <sup>1</sup>	code <sup>2</sup>	employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	
Services		161.8	7.3	2.7	2.4	4.7	7.0	2.5	2.3	4.4	
Educational services	82	143.1	5.3	2.0	1.8	3.3	5.1	1.9	1.7	3.2	
Public administration		77.8	6.4	2.6	2.3	3.8	5.8	2.4	2.1	3.4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

 $<sup>^4\,</sup>$  Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Fewer than 50 cases.

Table 3. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry division and employment size, 1999

	All		Establishmen	t employment s	size (workers)	
Industry division	establishments	1 to 10	11 to 49	50 to 249	250 to 999	1,000 or more
All industries including State and local government <sup>2</sup>	8.2			10.2	7.5	6.9
Private industry <sup>2</sup>	8.3	5.8	8.6	10.3	7.2	6.8
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>2</sup>	10.6	9.0	10.7	12.2		
Minina <sup>3</sup>	5.3	5.3	5.8	7.7	2.3	
Construction	14.5	13.3	16.3	13.9	10.2	
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	10.1 10.3 9.7	9.4 12.3 2.1	12.8 15.3 7.9	13.6 14.9 11.6	  9.6	  7.1
Transportation and public utilities <sup>3</sup>	9.0	7.6	8.1	11.0	8.2	8.3
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade	8.6 8.8 8.4	4.9 4.8 4.9	8.6 8.5 8.6	10.2 11.1 9.8	6.7 	10.0  
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.1		2.6	2.5	1.5	1.3
Services	6.2	4.2	4.4	8.6	6.4	6.2
State and local government	7.7			8.8	8.5	7.1
State government	6.0			3.5	11.1	5.5
Local government	8.6				8.0	8.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

= number of injuries

EΗ = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
 Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Incidence rate less than 0.05.

<sup>--</sup> Indicates data not available.

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry division and selected case types, 1999

(In thousands)

		Lost work	day cases	Cases	Disorders
Industry division	Total cases	Total <sup>1</sup>	With days away from work <sup>2</sup>	without lost workdays	associated with repeated trauma
All industries including State and local government <sup>3</sup>	14.3	5.3	3.3	9.0	9.8
Private industry <sup>3</sup>	12.7	4.9	2.9	7.8	9.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>3</sup>	0.4	0.1	(5)	0.4	
Mining⁴	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )
Construction	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	6.9 5.7 1.2	3.0 2.5 0.5	1.3 1.0 0.2	3.2	5.6 4.5 1.1
Transportation and public utilities <sup>4</sup>	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade	1.5 0.5 1.0	0.6 0.2 0.4	0.6 0.2 0.4	0.3	1.1 0.4 0.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Services	2.3	0.7	0.6	1.6	1.2
State and local government	1.6	0.4	0.4	1.2	0.8
State government	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.3
Local government	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days way from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Fewer than 50 cases.

<sup>--</sup> Indicates data not available.

Table 5. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry division and selected case types, 1996-1999

		Total					L	ost work	day case	s			Cooo	در د داخله در د	loot worl	rdovo
Industry division		TOtal	cases			То	tal <sup>2</sup>		With	days aw	ay from v	vork <sup>3</sup>	Case	.2 5.6 5. .4 5.7 5. .7 6.1 8. .4 3.1 2. .9 10.4 9. .6 7.2 6. .9 7.0 7. .9 7.9 6. .9 7.9 6. .7 4.2 5. .0 6.2 5. .4 5.6 6.5 6.	IOST WOLL	ruays
	1996	1997	1998	1999	1996	1997	1998	1999	1996	1997	1998	1999	1996	1997	1998	1999
All industries including																
State and local government <sup>4</sup>	10.0	9.6	9.2	8.9	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.0	3.2	2.9	2.8	6.2	5.6	5.3	5.2
Private industry <sup>4</sup>	10.3	9.8	9.5	9.0	3.9	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.1	3.2	2.9	2.8	6.4	5.7	5.5	5.3
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>4</sup> Mining <sup>5</sup>	12.2 5.7	11.2 6.7	12.9 6.7	11.3 5.7	4.5 3.3	5.1 3.6	4.5 4.0		4.1 2.3	4.4 2.6	3.7 3.1	3.5 2.5	7.7 2.4		8.3 2.6	7.2 2.3
Construction	17.6	17.3	15.5	15.0	6.7	7.0	5.9	6.7	6.0	6.3	5.2	5.7	10.9	10.4	9.6	8.3
Manufacturing Durable goods	13.2 13.5	13.5 13.5	13.2 13.8		5.6 5.6	6.3 6.5			3.7 3.5	4.2 4.3	3.7 3.6	3.7 3.8	7.6 7.9		6.9 7.3	6.1 6.2
Nondurable goods	12.5	13.6	11.7	10.9	5.7	5.7	5.6		4.0	4.1	3.9	3.4	6.9	7.9	6.0	5.8
Transportation and public utilities <sup>5</sup> Wholesale and retail trade	10.2 10.4	10.4 9.4	10.1 9.6	9.6 8.9	5.5 3.5	6.3 3.2	5.1 3.7	3.3	4.7 2.8	5.7 2.6	4.3 2.8		4.7 7.0		5.1	4.9 5.6
Wholesale trade Retail trade	10.0 10.6	9.6 9.3	9.3 9.8		4.6 3.0	4.0 2.8	4.1 3.6	4.5 2.7	3.7 2.4	3.2 2.3	3.2 2.7	3.2 2.1	5.4			4.7 6.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate Services	2.8 8.1	2.8 7.1	2.2 6.2	2.3 6.7	0.9 2.8	0.9 2.8		0.8	0.9 2.3	0.8 2.0	0.8 1.8	0.8	1.8	1.9	1.4	1.5 4.4
State and local government	7.9	8.1	7.9	8.2	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.3	2.8	3.1	3.2	2.9	4.9	4.8	4.5	4.9
State government	6.2	5.1	5.3	6.6	2.4	2.9	2.3	2.7	2.1	2.7	2.1	2.6	3.8	2.3	3.0	4.0
Local government	9.1	9.7	9.4	9.1	3.5	3.6	4.1	3.7	3.2	3.3	3.9	3.2	5.6	6.1	5.3	5.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year.

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

and for employees in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining

<sup>&</sup>quot; Incidence rate is less than 0.05.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999

Washington

			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	:s	Injuries					
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases		
Industry <sup>2</sup>	code <sup>3</sup>	employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days		
All Industries including State and local government <sup>7</sup>		2,575.2	8.9	3.7	2.8	5.2	8.2	3.4	2.6	4.8		
Private Industry <sup>7</sup>		2,192.4	9.0	3.8	2.8	5.3	8.3	3.5	2.6	4.8		
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>7</sup>		89.7	11.3	4.1	3.5	7.2	10.6	4.0	3.5	6.6		
Agricultural production <sup>7</sup> Agricultural production-crops <sup>7</sup> Fruits and tree nuts <sup>7</sup> Agricultural production - livestock <sup>7</sup> Agricultural services	01-02 01 017 02 07	59.8 54.1 34.1 5.7 24.9	9.4 9.1 17.9	4.1 3.7 3.9 8.0 4.0	7.7	6.0 5.6 5.2 9.9 9.2	9.7 9.0 8.6 17.6 11.7	3.8	3.6 3.3 3.6 7.7 3.1	5.4		
Mining <sup>8</sup>		3.2	5.7	3.4	2.5	2.3	5.3	3.2	2.3	2.1		
Construction		143.4	15.0	6.7	5.7	8.3	14.5	6.6	5.6	7.9		
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	39.1 21.3 17.0 19.0 5.8 13.1 85.4 17.5 6.1 17.3 7.6 6.6 5.3	13.8 12.9 17.2 11.2 15.2 10.6 14.2 11.8 21.3 20.8 27.3 13.3	5.9 8.1 3.9 5.9 8.3 4.9 7.3 4.2 10.1 15.1 12.6 9.4 8.3	6.9 2.7 4.9 7.7 3.8 6.3 3.3 6.1 3.5 4.1 11.4	10.0 10.1 9.9 7.0 8.9 6.3 7.9 7.6 11.2 5.6 14.7 3.9 6.9	14.7 10.2 13.0 11.7 20.2	7.2 3.8 6.7 4.1 9.9 14.9 12.4 9.0	11.2 8.1	10.0 8.9 6.9 8.5 6.2 7.5 6.3 7.6 10.4 5.6 14.5 3.7		
Manufacturing		358.9	12.1	6.1	3.7	6.1	10.1	5.2	3.3	4.9		
Durable goods		252.4	12.6	6.4	3.8	6.2	10.3	5.4	3.4	4.9		
Lumber and wood products Logging Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, general Millwork, plywood and structural members Millwork Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Primary nonferrous metals Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Special industry machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c.	24 241 242 2421 2431 25 32 33 333 335 34 344 35 355		19.1 19.4 18.7 21.2 17.4 15.6 13.3 14.9 9.2 20.2 26.8 10.8 12.1	8.6 8.3 9.9 9.6 7.3 9.8 8.4 6.3 7.8 9.1 5.3 9.7 12.9 4.1 4.6 4.0	7.4 7.7 7.4 3.9 5.2 6.6 4.8 3.9 2.6 4.0 7.1 9.1 2.5 2.7	10.1 7.5 9.3 9.8 11.4 11.4 9.0 9.3 5.5 5.8 3.9 10.4 13.9 6.7 7.5 12.6	18.2 17.8 20.7 17.0 15.3 12.6 14.0 9.1 18.9 25.3 10.2 11.8	8.3 9.3 9.1 7.0 9.5 8.2 6.1 7.5 8.6 5.2 12.0 3.8 4.4	7.0 3.8 4.9 6.4 4.6 3.8 2.4 4.0 6.7 8.7 2.3	7.3 8.7 9.1 10.8 11.2 8.8 9.1 5.1 5.4 3.9 9.7 13.3 6.4 7.3		

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

Washington

			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es		Inju	ries	
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases
Industry <sup>2</sup>	code <sup>3</sup>	employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days
Electronic and other electric equipment Electronic components and accessories Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Aircraft and parts Aircraft Ship and boat building and repairing Ship building and repairing Boat building and repairing Instruments and related products Measuring and controlling devices Medical instruments and supplies Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Toys and sporting goods	36 367 371 372 3721 3731 3732 384 382 384 394	18.2 8.7 114.6 6.3  7.1 2.8 4.3 14.6 5.5 5.8 8.5	4.6 3.2 12.2 10.2 11.9 12.0 21.3 22.6 20.5 4.1 2.8 4.1 10.4	2.5 1.9 6.9 5.7 6.9 7.1 10.2 16.4 6.6 2.3 1.8 4.5 4.5	1.0 3.4 1.9 3.2 7.6 10.6 - 2.1 1.6 1.3 2.1		2.4 8.1 9.4 7.3 7.1 20.0 21.7 19.0 3.6 1.8 3.7 9.4 9.1	15.4 5.8 2.0 1.3 1.4 4.3 4.3	1.4 0.9 2.7 1.8 2.5 2.4 7.1 10.1  1.9 1.2 2.0 1.5	0.9 3.0 4.3 2.4 2.1 10.6 6.3 13.2 1.6 0.5 2.3 5.1
Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c.  Nondurable goods	3949	4.0 106.5	11.6 10.9	5.1 5.2				4.7 4.7	1.4 3.1	
Preserved fruits and vegetables Bakery products Beverages Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Paper mills Paperboard containers and boxes Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Commercial printing Indicate and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products Transportation and public utilities Railroad transportation Trucking and courier services, except air Water transportation Transportation by air Communications	203 205 208 23 26 262 265 27 271 2752 28 30 308 40 42 421 445 445 48	132.8	10.9 15.3 13.0 14.5 5.9.2 7.7 12.8 6.0 7.9 6.5 5.2 14.7 15.5 9.6 4.1 14.8 15.4 17.1 12.4 3.6	6.8 6.7 5.9 2.6 5.3 4.2 6.3 3.5 1.7 5.4 5.7 4.7	4.2 3.2 3.5 2.1 2.9 4.2 2.6 3.8 2.6 3.0 1.4 3.8 4.0 4.0 2.5 5.6 8.4 6.4	9.7 4.9 0.9 8.7	14.5 9.7 11.7 5.3 8.2 6.3 11.7 5.65 5.6 6.3 4.4 14.3 15.0 9.0 4.0 14.5 15.1 14.3	6.2 3.0 4.0 3.5 1.6 5.0 5.3 4.5 3.1 6.0 6.0 8.5 7.5	3.2 1.8 2.6 4.0 2.4 3.4 2.5 3.0 3.8 3.9 2.4 5.5 8.2 6.0	9.7 4.5
Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services Sanitary services	481 49 491 495	22.6 15.7 2.9 9.5	3.3 7.1 9.4 6.4	1.4 3.6 6.7 2.8	1.2 2.8 5.0 2.2	1.9 3.5 2.7 3.5	2.6 6.7 8.7 6.1	1.1 3.4 6.3 2.8	1.0 2.7 4.9 2.2	1.5 3.3 2.4 3.2
Wholesale and retail trade  Wholesale trade		621.7 149.2	8.9 9.2	3.3 4.5		5.6 4.7			2.3 3.1	5.4 4.5
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	50 501		8.4 9.6	4.5	2.7	3.9 5.9	8.2	4.5	2.6	3.8

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

Washington

			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es		Inju	ries	
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases
Industry <sup>2</sup>	code <sup>3</sup>	employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days
Machinery, equipment, and supplies Miscellaneous durable goods	508 509	18.3 6.2	9.0 10.6	3.6 5.4		5.3 5.2		3.6 5.4	2.3 5.1	5.1 5.0
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514	64.4 28.6	10.3 13.2	4.5 6.6		5.8 6.6		4.2 6.2	3.7 5.5	5.5 6.3
Retail trade		472.5	8.8	2.7	2.1	6.0	8.4	2.6	2.0	5.8
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Auto and home supply stores Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 521 53 531 541 551 553 554 56 57 58 59	21.9 13.5 49.3 45.4 69.5 61.4 48.0 21.6 9.5 11.3 25.4 21.5 60.9	10.3 10.4 10.3 10.8 8.0 6.3 14.2 7.4 3.8 7.3 10.2	3.6 4.4 4.7 4.8 3.0 3.2 2.8 4.5 2.9 1.3 2.6 2.5 1.5	2.9 3.2 3.3 2.0 2.1 2.2 1.6 3.5 1.8 1.2 2.3	9.7 4.5 2.5	10.0 9.8 9.9 9.6 10.1 8.0 6.1 14.1 7.4 3.6 7.3 10.0		2.4 2.9 3.0 1.7 1.8 2.1 1.4 3.5 1.8 2.2 2.3 0.8	5.3 5.7 5.4 5.4 6.8 7.2 5.3 4.4 9.6 4.5 2.4 4.7 7.5 3.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate		134.0	2.3	0.8	0.8	1.5	2.1	0.7	0.7	1.3
Real estate	65	33.6	5.9	1.9	1.8	4.0	5.8	1.9	1.7	3.9
Services		708.6	6.7	2.3	1.8	4.4	6.2	2.2	1.7	4.1
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Automotive repair shops Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services  State and local government  State government  Services	70 72 73 75 753 76 79 80 805 806 82 83 86 87	28.2 22.5 165.3 25.9 15.2 7.6 40.8 184.1 32.6 58.0 22.7 59.0 24.5 64.0 382.7 116.9	11.1 10.7 23.6 11.5 2.8 7.2 5.9 2.1 8.2 6.6	4.2 3.6 0.4 4.9 5.0 3.7 3.2 3.5 8.8 3.4 1.0 3.0 1.9 0.6 3.3	0.4 4.1 4.8 2.7 3.1 2.5 5.2 2.9 1.0 2.5 1.3 0.5 2.9	1.1 6.8 7.2 7.8 7.9 7.2 14.8 8.0 1.8 4.3 4.0 1.4 4.9	6.3 1.3 11.5 11.9 11.4 10.4 9.8 23.3 10.6 2.7 7.0 5.6 1.8 7.7	5.0 3.7 3.0 3.2 8.6 3.3 1.0 2.9 0.6	2.2 5.0 2.7 0.9 2.5 1.3 0.4 2.8	6.6 14.7 7.3 1.7 4.1 3.8 1.3 4.5
Services  Educational services	82									3.1
Educational Sci Vices	02	33.0	4.5	1.2	1.2	5.5	4.2	1.2	1.1	5.0

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es		Inju	ıries	
	SIC	1999 Annual average		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry <sup>2</sup>	code <sup>3</sup>	employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days
Public administration		43.2	6.3	1.8	1.6	4.5	5.6	1.7	1.6	3.9
Local government		265.8	9.1	3.7	3.2	5.4	8.6	3.5	3.0	5.0
Services		161.8	7.4	2.7	2.4	4.7	7.0	2.5	2.3	4.4
Educational services	82	143.1	6.1	2.3	2.1	3.8	5.8	2.2	2.0	3.7
Public administration		77.8	9.8	4.0	3.5	5.8	9.0	3.7	3.3	5.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}\,$  Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.
Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Incidence rate less than 0.05.

<sup>--</sup> Indicates data not available.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999

(In thousands)

(In thousands)		1	1							
			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es		Inju	ıries	
,	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases
Industry <sup>1</sup>	code <sup>2</sup>	employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
All Industries including										
State and local government <sup>6</sup>		2,575.2	178.0	73.9	55.7	104.0	163.7	68.6	52.4	95.0
Private Industry <sup>6</sup>		2,192.4	154.1	64.2	47.1	89.9	141.4	59.4	44.2	82.1
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>6</sup>		89.7	6.6	2.4	2.1	4.2	6.2	2.3	2.0	3.8
Agricultural production <sup>6</sup> Agricultural production-crops <sup>6</sup> Fruits and tree nuts <sup>6</sup> Agricultural production - livestock <sup>6</sup> Agricultural services	01-02 01 017 02 07	34.1	3.6 3.0 1.7 0.5 2.6	0.7 0.2	1.3 1.1 0.7 0.2 0.6	2.1 1.8 1.0 0.3 1.8	3.4 2.9 1.6 0.5 2.3	0.2	0.7 0.2	1.7 0.9 0.3
Mining <sup>7</sup>		3.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Construction		143.4	17.5	7.8	6.6	9.6	16.9	7.7	6.5	9.2
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	21.3 17.0 19.0 5.8 13.1 85.4 17.5 6.1 17.3 11.9 7.6 6.6	1.4 10.6 1.4 0.7 2.2 1.9 0.9 1.3	1.7 1.1 0.6 1.0 0.4 0.6 5.1 0.5 0.4 0.8 0.9 0.6 0.4 0.9	1.4 0.9 0.4 0.9 0.4 0.5 4.4 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.8	2.9 1.4 1.5 1.2 0.4 0.8 5.5 0.9 0.3 1.4 1.0 0.2 0.7 0.2	4.4 2.5 2.0 2.2 0.8 1.4 10.2 1.4 0.6 2.1 1.8 0.9 1.2 0.6 1.7	0.6 5.0 0.5 0.3 0.8 0.9	0.8 0.4 0.5 4.3 0.4 0.3 0.6 0.7 0.6 0.5	1.4 1.2 0.4 0.8 5.2 0.8 0.3 1.4 0.9 0.2 0.7
Manufacturing		358.9	42.2	21.1	12.7	21.1	35.3	18.2	11.5	17.1
Durable goods		252.4	31.5	16.1	9.4	15.4	25.8	13.6	8.4	12.2
Lumber and wood products Logging Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, general Millwork, plywood and structural members Millwork Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Primary nonferrous metals Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Special industry machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c.	24 241 242 2421 243 2431 25 32 33 333 335 34 344 355 359	7.0 12.9 11.5 9.6 4.0 4.6 8.6 11.6 5.9 2.4 14.2 7.2 24.4	2.6 2.3 1.8 0.8 0.7 1.3 1.7 0.9 0.3 2.8 2.6 0.5	1.2 0.7 0.4 0.4 0.5 1.0 0.6 0.1 1.4 0.9 1.0	2.1 0.5 1.0 0.9 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.1 1.0 0.6 0.1 0.2	0.8 0.7 0.4 0.1 1.5 1.0 1.6 0.3		0.5 1.3 1.1 0.7 0.4 0.5 0.9 0.5 0.1 1.3 0.8 0.9	0.5 1.0 0.8 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.9 0.6 0.6	0.5 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.4 0.8 0.6 0.3 0.1 1.4 0.9 1.5

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

(In thousands)

(In thousands)			l,	niurios an	ıd Illnesse	)C		Inju	rios	
		1999	"	•		;5				
		Annual			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	average employ-	Total		With	without	Total		With	without
	code	ment <sup>3</sup>	cases	4	days	lost work-	cases	4	days	lost work-
		(000's)		Total <sup>4</sup>	away from	days		Total⁴	away from	days
					work <sup>5</sup>				work <sup>5</sup>	
Electronic and other electric equipment	36	18.2	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3
Electronic components and accessories	367	8.7	0.3			0.1	_		0.1	0.1
Transportation equipment	37	114.6	-			6.1			3.1	3.4
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	6.3	0.6			0.3			0.1	0.3
Aircraft and parts	372		11.8	6.8		4.9		4.9	2.4	2.4
Aircraft Ship and boat building and repairing	3721 373	7.1	10.6 1.5	6.3 0.7		4.3 0.8		4.5 0.7	2.1 0.5	1.8 0.7
Ship building and repairing	3731	2.8	0.6	0.7		0.8		_	0.3	0.7
Boat building and repairing	3732	4.3		-		0.6			0.0 	0.6
Instruments and related products	38	14.6				0.3			0.3	0.2
Measuring and controlling devices	382	5.5	0.2	0.1		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	(8)
Medical instruments and supplies	384	5.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39					0.5		0.3	0.2	0.4
Toys and sporting goods	394	5.9	0.6			0.3			0.1	0.3
Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c.	3949	4.0	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2
Nondurable goods		106.5	10.7	5.1	3.3	5.7	9.5	4.6	3.1	4.9
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203		2.1	0.9		1.1			0.5	1.1
Bakery products	205 208		0.4 0.4	0.2 0.2		0.2 0.3			0.1 0.1	0.1
Beverages Apparel and other textile products	208	3.2 7.1	0.4	0.2		0.3			0.1	0.2 0.2
Paper and allied products	26	15.8		0.2					0.1	0.2
Paper mills	262	7.7	0.6			0.3				0.3
Paperboard containers and boxes	265		0.4	0.2		0.2			0.1	0.2
Printing and publishing	27	23.5	1.2	0.7				0.6	0.5	0.5
Newspapers	271	10.1	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2
Commercial printing	275	7.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4		0.2	0.2
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	5.1	0.3			0.1			0.1	0.1
Chemicals and allied products	28	6.0	0.3			0.2			0.1	0.2
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	30		1.5					0.5	0.4	0.9
Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c.	308	9.4	1.5	0.5	0.4	0.9	1.4	0.5	0.4	0.9
Transportation and public utilities <sup>7</sup>		132.8			4.8	5.9	10.8	5.4	4.6	5.4
Railroad transportation <sup>7</sup>	40		0.2	-	-	, ,	0.2	_	-	٠,
Trucking and warehousing	42			1.7				1.7	1.5	
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	27.1	3.6							
Water transportation	44					0.7			0.7	
Transportation by air Communications	45 48		2.4	1.5		0.9 0.6			1.2 0.3	0.8 0.5
Telephone communications	48 481	31.5 22.6		0.4 0.3					0.3	0.5
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	15.7	1.0							0.5
Electric services	491	2.9				0.1			0.1	0.1
Sanitary services	495					0.3			0.2	0.3
Wholesale and retail trade		621.7	41.9	15.3	11.5	26.5	40.3	14.7	10.9	25.7
Wholesale trade		149.2	12.6	6.2	4.4	6.4	12.1	5.9	4.2	6.1
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50		6.8			3.2			2.1	3.0
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	9.1	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.5

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

(In thousands)

			lr	njuries an	d Illnesse	es		Inju	ıries	
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases			orkday ses	Cases
Industry <sup>1</sup>	code <sup>2</sup>	code <sup>2</sup> employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Machinery, equipment, and supplies Miscellaneous durable goods	508 509		1.5 0.6	0.6 0.3	0.4 0.3	0.9 0.3	1.5 0.6			
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514	64.4 28.6	5.8 3.2	2.5 1.6	2.2 1.4	3.3 1.6	5.5 3.1	2.4 1.5	2.1 1.3	3. <sup>-</sup> 1.
Retail trade		472.5	29.3	9.2	7.1	20.1	28.3	8.7	6.8	19.
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Auto and home supply stores Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 521 53 531 541 551 551 553 554 56 57 58	45.4 69.5 61.4 48.0 21.6 9.5 11.3 25.4 21.5	1.3 0.6 0.7 1.3	0.7 0.6 1.8 1.7 1.5 1.4 1.2 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.5 2.7 0.6	0.5 0.4 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.4 2.5 0.4	1.1 0.7 2.1 2.0 3.6 3.4 2.3 0.9 0.9 0.4 0.5 0.8 8.3 1.5	1.8 1.3 3.7 3.5 4.7 4.5 3.4 1.3 0.6 0.7 1.3 10.7 2.0	0.6 1.7 1.6 1.3 1.3 1.2 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.4 2.6	0.4 1.1 1.1 0.9 0.8 0.9 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.4 2.4	0.7 2.0 1.9 3.4 3.2 2.3 0.9 0.9 0.4 0.4 0.8 8.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		134.0	2.6	0.9	0.9	1.7	2.4	0.8	0.8	1.5
Real estate	65	33.6	1.5	0.5	0.4	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.4	1.0
Services		708.6	31.7	10.9	8.5	20.8	29.5	10.2	7.8	19.3
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Automotive repair shops Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	70 72 73 75 753 76 79 80 805 806 82 83 86	22.5 165.3 25.9 15.2 7.6 40.8 184.1 32.6 58.0 22.7 59.0 24.5 64.0	2.7 14.8 6.1 5.0 0.4 3.3 0.9 1.2	0.4	0.7 0.4 0.3 0.9 0.6 0.2 0.7 3.4 1.3 0.1 1.1 0.2	10.0 3.8 3.5 0.2 1.9 0.6 0.8	2.3 1.0 1.2 2.5 1.5 0.7 2.5 13.5 6.0 4.7 0.4 3.2 0.9 1.1	0.5 0.3 1.1 0.6 0.2 0.7 4.4 2.2 1.4 0.1 1.3 0.3	0.3 0.3 0.9 0.6 0.2 0.7 3.0 1.3 1.2 0.1 1.1 0.2	0.5 0.9 1.4 0.9 0.5 1.8 9.7 3.8 3.2 0.2 1.8 0.7
State and local government		382.7	23.9	9.7	8.6		22.2			
State government		116.9		2.7	2.6		6.1			
Services		70.4		1.8	1.8		3.6			
Educational services	82	53.6	1.9	0.5	0.5	1.4	1.8	0.5	0.5	1.3

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1999 -- Continued

(In thousands)

(m moscande)			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries				
	SIC	1999 Annual average			orkday ses	Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
Industry <sup>1</sup>	code <sup>2</sup>	employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	
Public administration		43.2	2.5	0.7	0.7	1.8	2.2	0.7	0.6	1.5	
Local government		265.8	17.1	7.0	5.9	10.1	16.1	6.6	5.6	9.5	
Services		161.8	7.3	2.7	2.4	4.7	7.0	2.5	2.3	4.4	
Educational services	82	143.1	5.3	2.0	1.8	3.3	5.1	1.9	1.7	3.2	
Public administration		77.8	6.4	2.6	2.3	3.8	5.8	2.4	2.1	3.4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.
<sup>5</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Fewer than 50 cases.

Table 8. Nonfatal occupational illness incidence rates by industry and category of illness, 1999

			l	ncidence r	ates per 10	,000 full-ti	me workers	S <sup>3</sup>	
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Dust diseases of the lungs	Respira- tory condi- tions due to toxic agents	Poisoning	Disorders due to physical agents	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupa-tional
All Industries including State and local government <sup>4</sup>		71.7	6.2	0.7	2.6	1.1	1.3	49.2	10.5
Private Industry⁴		74.3	6.6	0.5	2.6	1.1	1.5	53.0	9.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>4</sup>		75.3	9.4	4.1	2.4	1.9			18.2
Agricultural production <sup>4</sup> Agricultural production-crops <sup>4</sup> Agricultural production - livestock <sup>4</sup> Agricultural services	01-02 01 02 07	39.2 39.5 36.0 150.7		7.5 ( <sup>5</sup> )		( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	11.9 11.2 19.6	0.6
Mining <sup>6</sup>		43.3	(5)	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)	(5)	39.7	3.6
Construction		48.4	4.1	0.5	2.6	0.5	4.0	28.9	8.0
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	15 16 17	53.7 33.2 50.1	8.3 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 3.3	2.3		1.0 1.7 ( <sup>5</sup> )		35.8 28.6 26.0	
Manufacturing		198.5	9.0	1.3	4.2	4.4	2.3	160.1	17.2
Durable goods		227.9	10.9	0.8	5.0	6.0	2.5	180.5	22.2
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	94.6 39.7 31.2 71.5 130.6 63.8 54.8 408.6 50.5	4.7 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 1.6 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 6.7 0.6 20.0	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) 0.8 (5) 0.4	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 1.7 11.2	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 3.6 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 12.0	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 9.6 9.3 2.5 ( <sup>5</sup> )	109.2 50.4 38.0 329.4 48.4	4.7 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 25.7 9.3 1.3 5.0 35.9 ( <sup>5</sup> )
Nondurable goods		123.3	4.2	2.4	2.2	0.2	1.9	107.9	4.5
Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	23 26 27 28 30	60.9 108.8 72.9 82.3 39.6	2.5 2.0 ( <sup>5</sup> )	4.3			( <sup>5</sup> ) 5.6 1.0 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )		6.2 3.4 ( <sup>5</sup> )
Transportation and public utilities <sup>6</sup>		58.1	3.6	0.4	4.1	0.2	0.2	33.5	
Railroad transportation <sup>6</sup> Trucking and warehousing Water transportation Transportation by air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 42 44 45 48 49	7.6 29.0 277.1 63.0 56.4 36.9	0.7 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 9.9 ( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 0.7	6.1 ( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 0.7	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )  ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	5.0 5.7 143.5 42.7 39.8 30.7	20.8 127.5 9.9 2.4

Table 8. Nonfatal occupational illness incidence rates by industry and category of illness, 1999 -- Continued

Washington

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Dust diseases of the lungs	Respira- tory condi- tions		Disorders	Disorders associ-	
				_	due to toxic agents	Poisoning	due to physical agents	ated with repeated trauma	All other occupa- tional illnesses
Wholesale and retail trade		32.3	6.3	( <sup>5</sup> )	0.9	0.1	0.4	24.2	0.4
Wholesale trade		36.6	4.6	( <sup>5</sup> )	2.4	0.3	1.3	27.0	1.0
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	20.7	5.0	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	0.5	2.2	11.5	1.4
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	59.3	3.9	(5)	5.9	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	49.2	0.4
Retail trade		30.6		( <sup>5</sup> )	0.4	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	23.0	0.2
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	8.9 47.1 74.3 9.5 23.2 6.3  20.9	2.0 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 3.0 6.5 1.7 ( <sup>5</sup> )	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	0.5 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 0.5 2.8 2.3 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	3.9 47.1 71.3 2.6 18.2 4.6  20.9	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 0.6 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )
Finance, insurance, and real estate		21.4	0.4	( <sup>5</sup> )	3.0	0.7	( <sup>5</sup> )	16.6	0.7
Real estate	65	10.8	2.0	( <sup>5</sup> )	6.4	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	2.0
Services		47.7	7.5	0.2	2.7	0.1	2.0	24.5	10.7
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	70 72 73 75 76 79 80 82 83 86	37.5 77.8 18.0 24.3 13.0 72.1 95.4 11.6 24.2 26.8 21.7	8.8 3.7 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 11.5 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 28.0 13.4 0.8 3.1 5.9 5.0	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 0.3 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	4.4 0.6 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 0.8 7.7 1.5 0.4 3.3 0.3	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 0.8 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 3.3 6.0	19.0 72.3 17.9 5.0 13.0 23.9 38.5 8.5 15.3 12.4 15.2	1.2 0.1 7.8 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 15.7 29.7 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 5.1 3.3
State and local government		56.7	4.2	1.9	2.5	1.2	0.5	26.8	19.5
State government		64.4	4.5	0.1	2.6	0.7	0.4	26.5	29.5
Services		60.7	4.5	0.2	1.0	0.2	( <sup>5</sup> )	23.4	
Educational services	82	30.4	2.1	(5)	1.4	0.2	( <sup>5</sup> )	24.1	2.6
Public administration		70.1	4.8	(5)	3.0	1.3	1.0	31.6	28.4

Table 8. Nonfatal occupational illness incidence rates by industry and category of illness, 1999 -- Continued

			ļ	ncidence ra	ates per 10	),000 full-tii	me workers	s <sup>3</sup>	
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	of the	Respira- tory condi- tions due to toxic agents	Poisoning	Disorders due to physical agents	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupa-tional
Local government		52.5	4.0	2.9	2.4	1.5	0.6	27.0	14.1
Services		37.1	0.9	4.7	3.9	0.4	0.4	22.2	4.4
Educational services	82	23.4	0.3	0.1	3.4	0.5	0.5	16.2	2.3
Public administration		78.7	8.6	0.8	0.6	3.5	0.9	34.4	29.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

N = number of illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>6</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

 $<sup>^{5}\,</sup>$  Incidence rate less than 0.05.

Table 9. Number of new cases of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry and category of illness, 1999

(	ln '	thousand	ls)	
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(In thousands)	1										
			1	Numl	per of illnes	sses by cat	egory	ı			
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Dust diseases of the lungs	Respira- tory condi- tions due to toxic agents	Poisoning	Disorders due to physical agents	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupa- tional illnesses		
All Industries including State and local government <sup>3</sup>		14.3	1.2	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.3	9.8	2.1		
Private Industry <sup>3</sup>		12.7	1.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	9.0	1.5		
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>3</sup>		0.4	0.1	(4)	(4)	(4)			0.1		
Agricultural production <sup>3</sup> Agricultural production-crops <sup>3</sup> Agricultural production - livestock <sup>3</sup> Agricultural services	01-02 01 02 07	0.1 0.1 ( <sup>4</sup> ) 0.3	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	(4) (4) (4) (4)	( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	(4) (4) (4) (4) 0.1		
Mining⁵		(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)		
Construction		0.6	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.3	0.1		
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	15 16 17		(4)	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	0.1 0.1 0.2			
Manufacturing		6.9	0.3	(4)	0.1	0.2	0.1	5.6	0.6		
Durable goods		5.7	0.3	(4)	0.1	0.2	0.1	4.5	0.6		
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(4) (4) 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 4.7 0.1	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	0.2 ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) 0.2 0.1 0.1 3.8 0.1 ( <sup>4</sup> )	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)		
Nondurable goods		1.2	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	1.1	(4)		
Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	23 26 27 28 30	0.2 0.1 ( <sup>4</sup> )		(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	( <sup>4</sup> ) 0.1 0.1 ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )			
Transportation and public utilities <sup>5</sup>		0.7	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.4			
Railroad transportation <sup>5</sup> Trucking and warehousing Water transportation Transportation by air Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 42 44 45 48 49	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4)  (4) (4)	(4) (4) 0.1 0.1 0.1 (4)	·		

Table 9. Number of new cases of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry and category of illness, 1999 -- Continued

(In thousands)				Numl	her of illnes	sses by cat	egory		
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Dust diseases of the	Respira- tory	Poisoning	Disorders	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupa- tional illnesses
Wholesale and retail trade		1.5	0.3	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	1.1	(4)
Wholesale trade		0.5	0.1	( <sup>4</sup> )	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.4	(4)
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	0.2	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.1	(4)
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	0.3	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.3	(4)

1.0

0.2

0.4

0.1

0.2

2.3

0.1

0.1

0.2

0.1

0.2

1.3

0.1

0.1

1.6

0.7

0.4

0.1

0.3

(4)

(4)

(4)

0.4

0.1

0.2

0.1

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(<sup>4</sup>)

(4)

(4)

( <sup>4</sup> )

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(<sup>4</sup>)

(4)

(4)

0.1

(4)

( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )

(4)

(4)

(4)

( <sup>4</sup> )

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

0.1

0.1

0.1

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(<sup>4</sup>)

(4)

(4)

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

65

70

72

73

75

76

79

80

82

83

86

87

82

0.8

0.2

0.4

0.1

0.2

1.2

0.1

0.2

0.1

0.5

0.1

0.1

8.0

0.3

0.1

0.1

0.1

(4)

(4)

0.5

0.4

0.6

0.3

0.1

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )

(4)

(<sup>4</sup>)

(4)

(4)

(4)

( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(<sup>4</sup>)

(4)

(4)

0.1

0.1

# Finance, insurance, and real estate

Hotels and other lodging places

Building materials and garden supplies

Automotive dealers and service stations

Furniture and homefurnishings stores

General merchandise stores

Apparel and accessory stores

Eating and drinking places

Miscellaneous retail

Real estate

Retail trade

Food stores

## Services

Personal services
Business services
Auto repair, services, and parking
Miscellaneous repair services
Amusement and recreation services
Health services
Educational services

Engineering and management services

State and local government

Membership organizations

## State government

Social services

## Services

Educational services

## Public administration

Table 9. Number of new cases of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry and category of illness, 1999 -- Continued

(In thousands)

(เกา เกิดเวลาเดร)	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Number of illnesses by category							
Industry <sup>1</sup>		Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	of the	Respira- tory condi- tions due to toxic agents	Poisoning	Disorders due to physical agents	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupational illnesses
Local government		1.0	0.1	0.1	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.5	0.3
Services		0.4	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.2	(4)
Educational services	82	0.2	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.1	(4)
Public administration		0.5	0.1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.2	0.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Fewer than 50 cases.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

# Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers for total nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry division, Washington, 1998 & 1999

